New actors, new risks: The outlook for the global oil market

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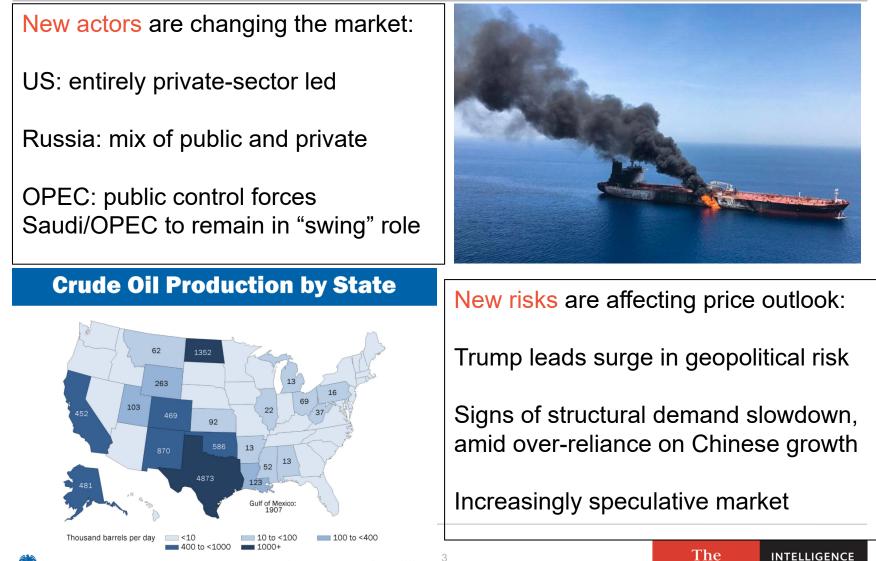
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The INTELLIGENCE Economist UNIT

Current oil price outlook



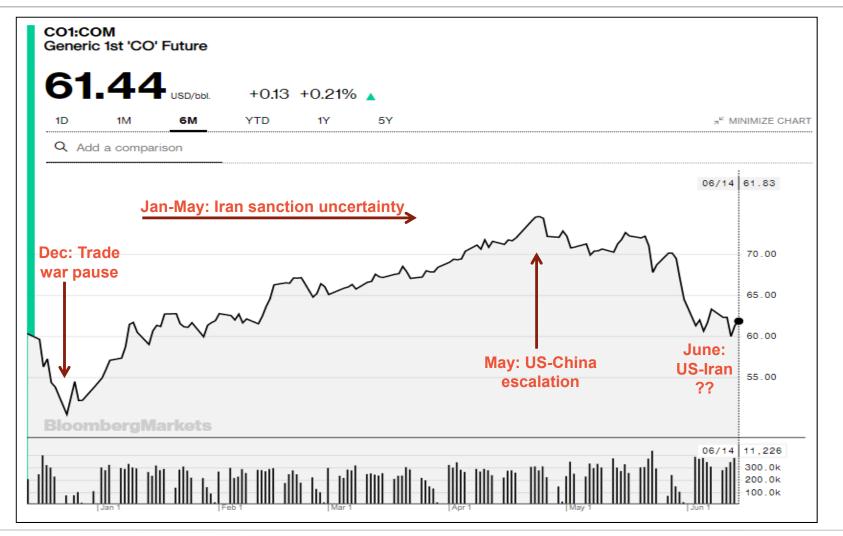
Oil market dynamics shifted post-commodity price slump



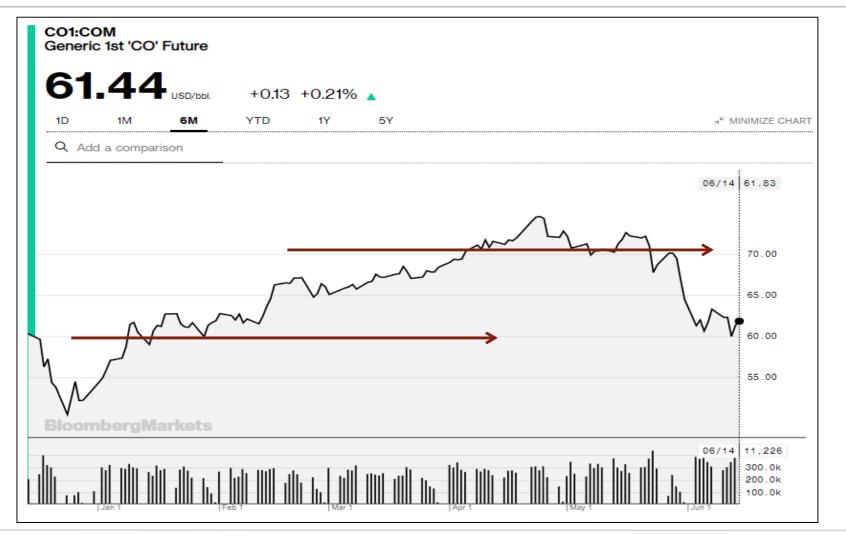
NOTE: Data shown are monthly, for March 2019. SOURCE: Energy Information Administration

Economist

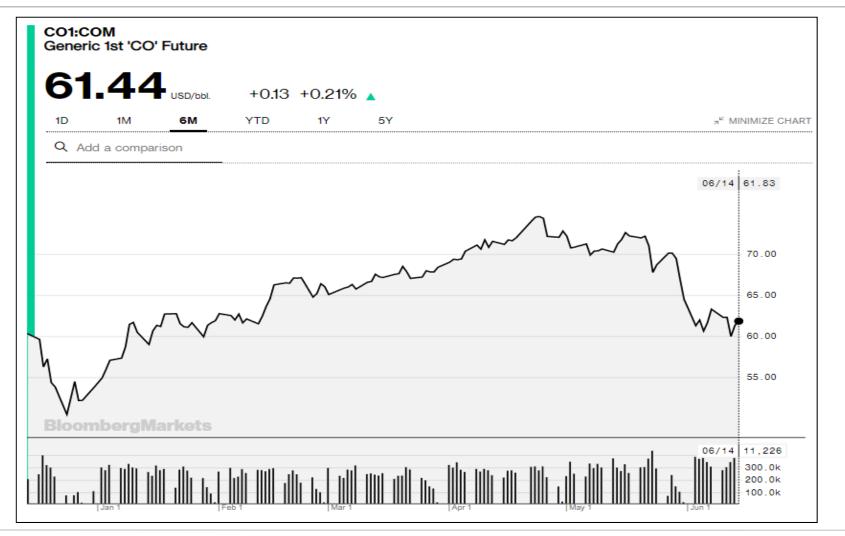
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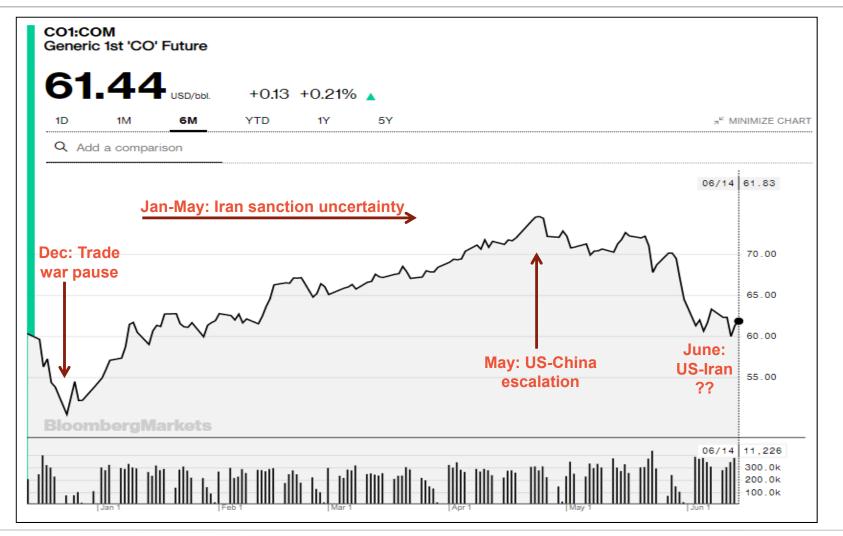












Factors to watch in 2019-20



New actors have shaken up the global oil market

Downward:

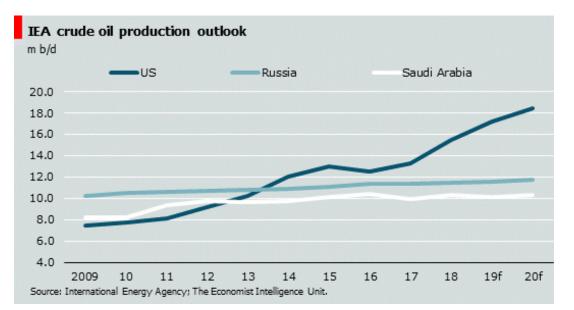
US oil production forecast to growth by another 8% in 2019

Upward:

Risk of US-Iran conflict

Political collapse in Venezuela

Serious instability in Libya

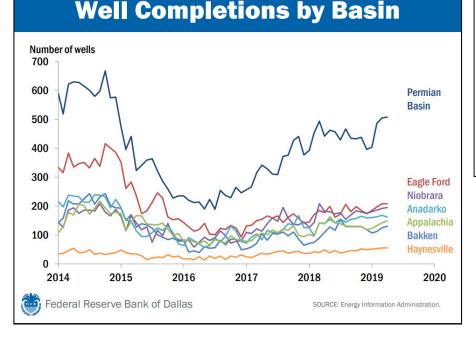




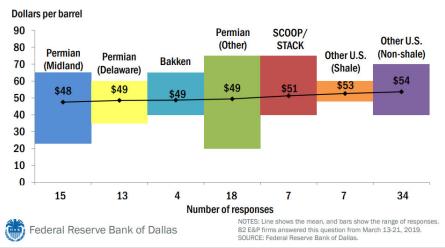
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Downward:

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Breakeven Prices for New Wells

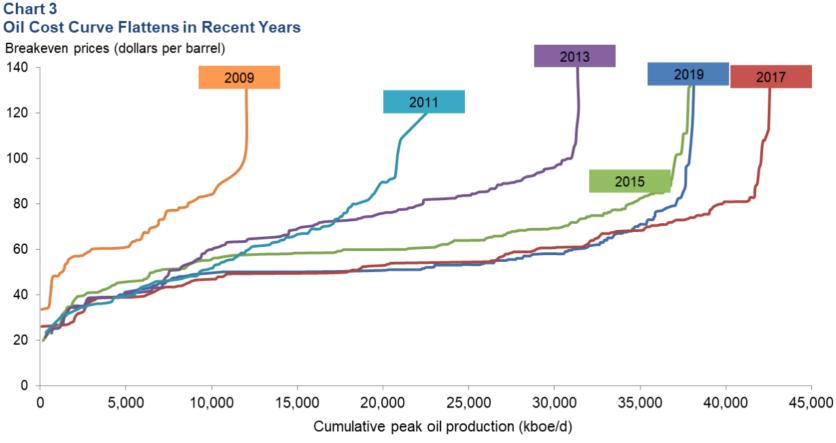


Dallas Fed Energy Survey—In the top two areas in which your firm is active: What WTI oil price does your firm need to profitably drill a new well?

US oil producers are leaner and invest more cautiously than they did pre-2014

WTI prices < US\$50/b will not affect most Permian-based operations

New actors have shaken up the global oil market



NOTES: Identified projects (pre-sanction, under development and producing) are evaluated each year and assigned a breakeven price and peak oil production. The oil cost curve depicts the cumulative peak oil production of identified projects. Kboe/d is thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day. SOURCE: Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research.



The geopolitical risk premium is here to stay

Downward:

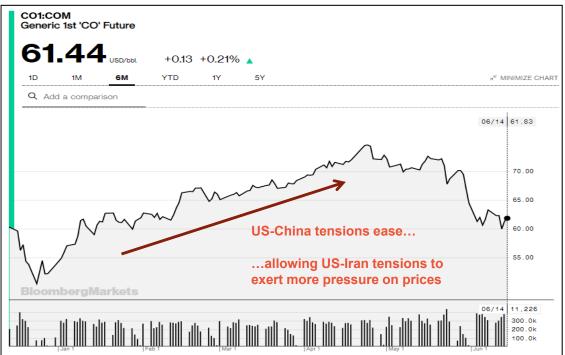
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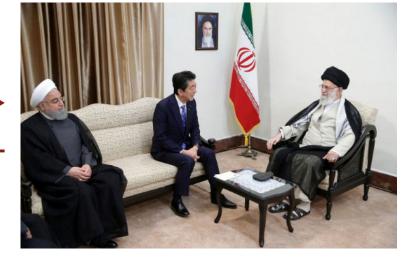




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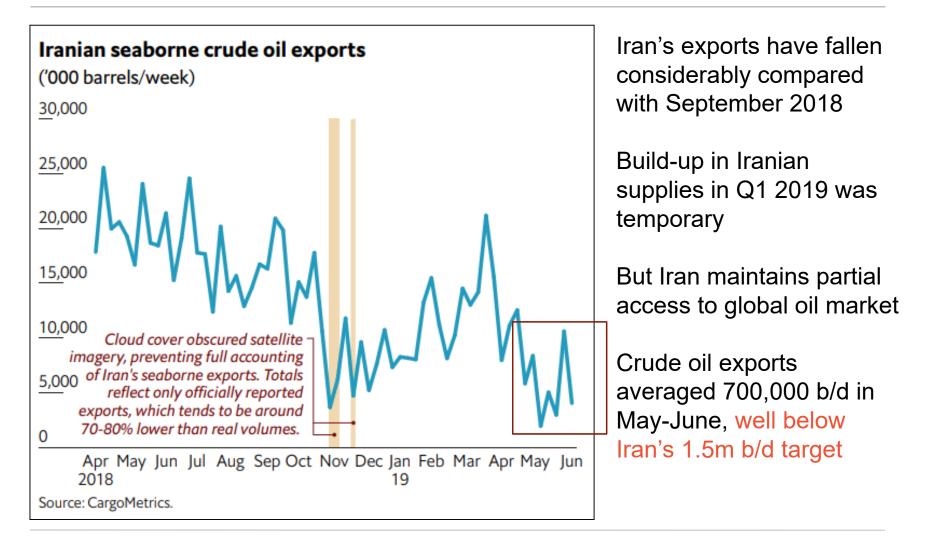








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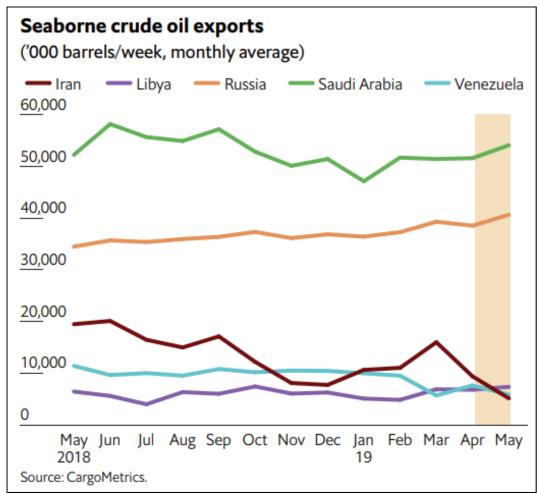
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Demand-side factors

The US-China trade war will set the tone

EIU core forecast:

Trump and Xi meet, no deal but an agreement to pause tariffs

Temporary relief for both markets allows GDP growth of: --US: 2.2% in 2019, 1.7% 2020 --China: 6.3% in 2019, 6.1% 2020

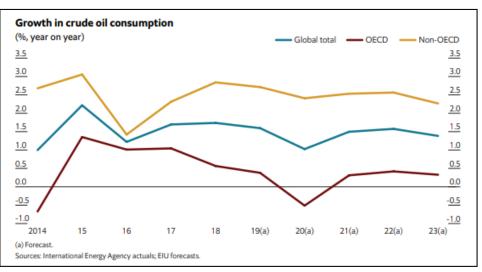
But, there's no end to the trade war in sight

Existing tariffs (on US\$360bn worth of goods, 50% of bilateral trade) and non-tariff barriers (eg, Huawei) will limit 2019-20 growth



Demand-side factors

The US-China trade war will set the tone



Worst case scenario:

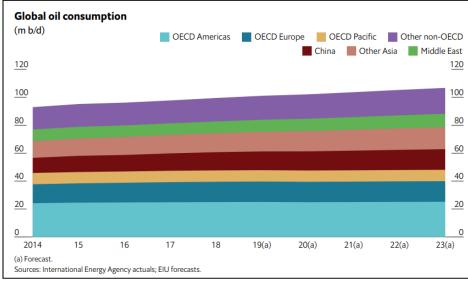
US-China trade talks fail completely; US imposes tariffs on further US\$300bn; China responds with non-tariff barriers

GDP growth falls by 0.1-0.3 pp and US faces recession risk; oil demand sags

Best case scenario:

US and China agree a limited trade deal by end-2019; some tariffs are removed

GDP growth increases by 0.1-0.3 pp; boosting oil demand growth by 0.1-0.2 pp



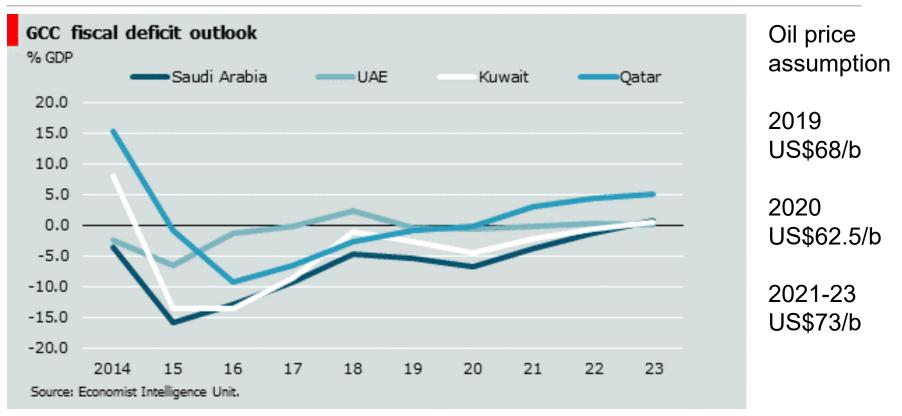


Impact on GCC economies



GCC market outlook

Things will get worse before they get better

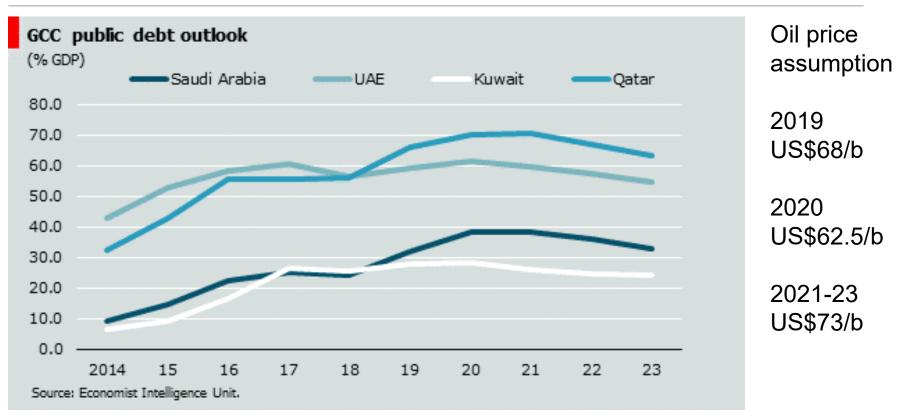


Fiscal deficit nowhere near where they were in 2014-16...

...but economies haven't recovered significantly, and deficits remain the norm KSA likely to be worst off given high breakeven point and ambitious spending

GCC market outlook

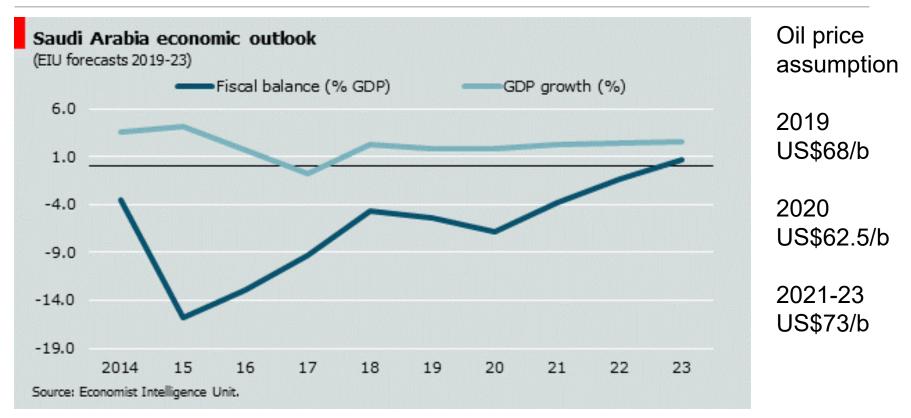
Things will get worse before they get better



Saudi sees the fastest rise in debt as it seeks to cover domestic investment But other GCC countries have a much higher level of debt (% GDP) Modest compared to other regions (OECD and non), but oil price outlook is risky

GCC market outlook

Things will get worse before they get better



High levels of government spending will be necessary to sustain modest growth Situation should improve toward the end of the forecast period (2021-23) But med- and long-term is uncertain – oil prices high enough for diversification?



Thank you!

Any questions?

